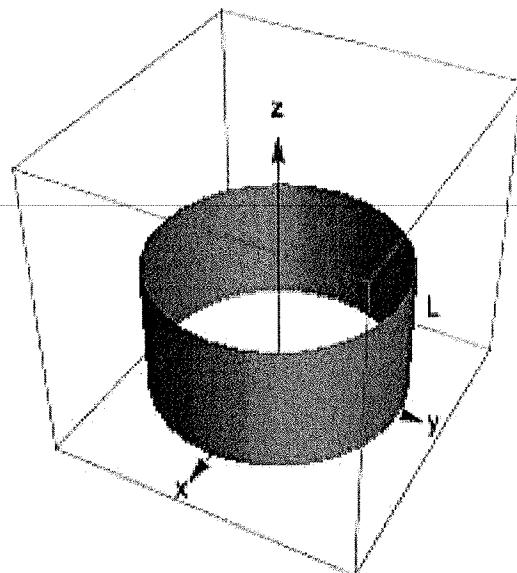
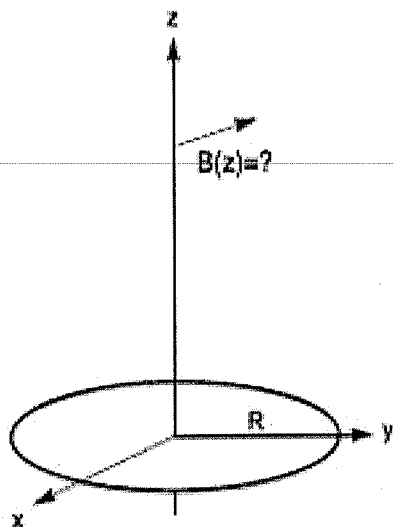


3.



- (a) [5 pts] A circular loop of wire of radius  $R$  carries a current  $I$  as shown in the first figure. Find the magnitude and direction of the magnetic induction  $\mathbf{B}(z)$  on the axis of the loop as a function of  $z$ .
- (b) [5 pts] Use the result of part (a) to find  $\mathbf{B}(z)$  along the axis of a solenoid of radius  $R$  and length  $L$  wound with  $n$  turns per unit length (total turns  $N = n \times L$ ).

Hint:

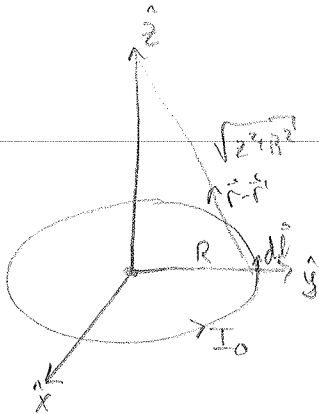
$$\int \frac{dx}{[a^2 + x^2]^{3/2}} = \frac{x}{a^2[a^2 + x^2]^{1/2}} + \text{constant}.$$

Aug 2015

# E+M #3

Gaussian

a)



$$|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'| = \sqrt{z^2 + R^2}$$

\* We can find  $\vec{B}$  via the Biot-Savart Law

$$\Rightarrow \vec{B} = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\vec{J} \times (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|^3} d\mathbf{r}'$$

$$= \frac{I_0}{c} \int \frac{d\vec{l}' \times (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|^3}$$

$$= \frac{I_0}{c} \int \frac{d\vec{l}' R}{(z^2 + R^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi R^2 I_0}{c(z^2 + R^2)^{3/2}} \hat{z} \quad (\text{any non } \hat{z} \text{ component cancels due to circular symmetry about axis})$$

b)