

Topology: It's Important!

Topology in 1D quantum systems

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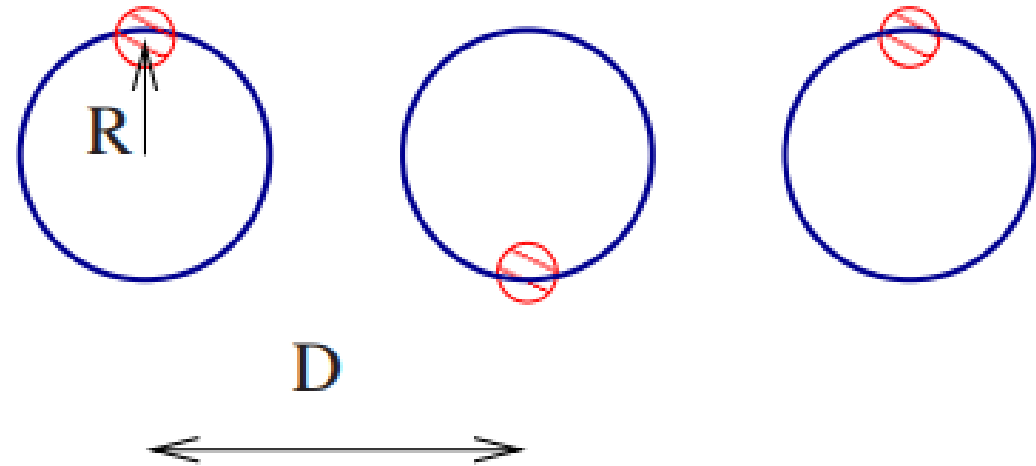
Advisor: Dr. Kieran Mullen





What do we mean by topology?

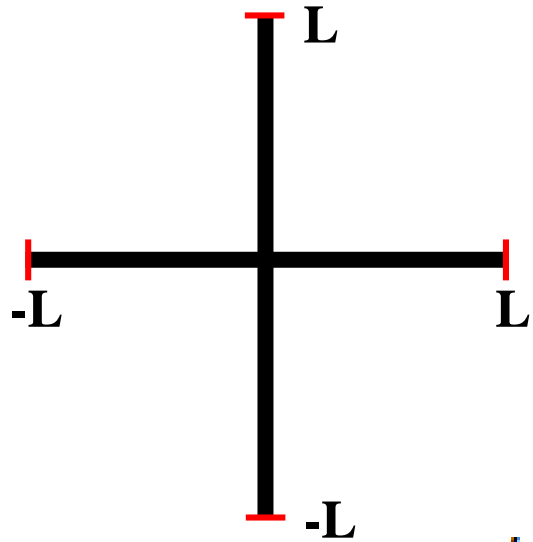
- Shape of system
- Self-connections
- Boundary conditions
- Example:
Antiferroelectric
polarization in
quantum rings



Simple Case: the Crossed Wire Problem



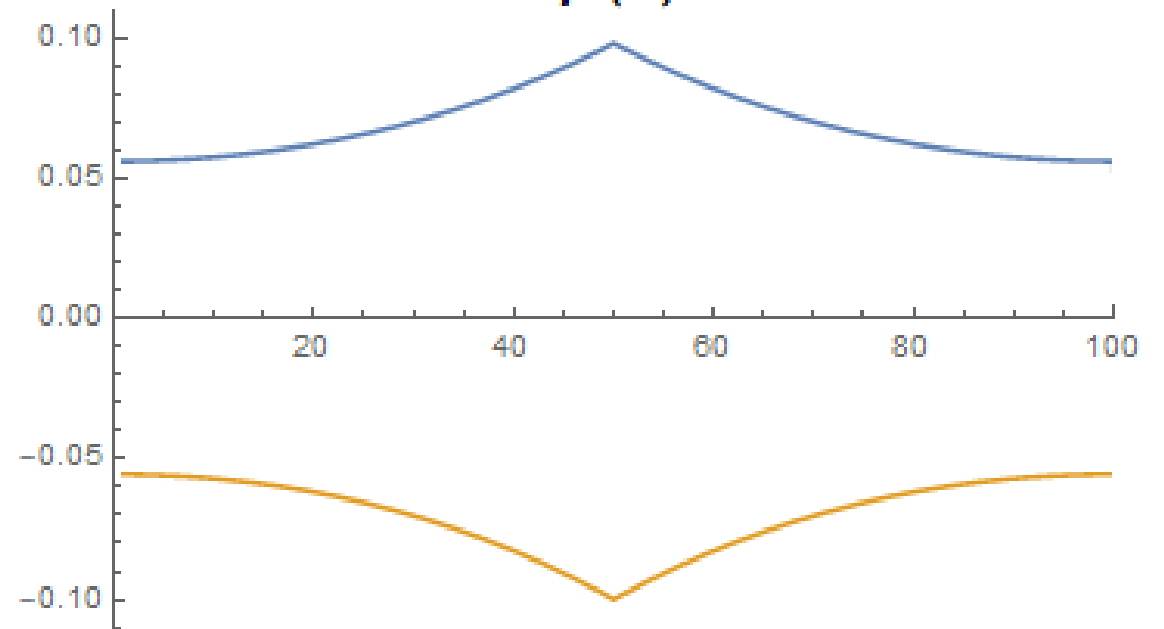
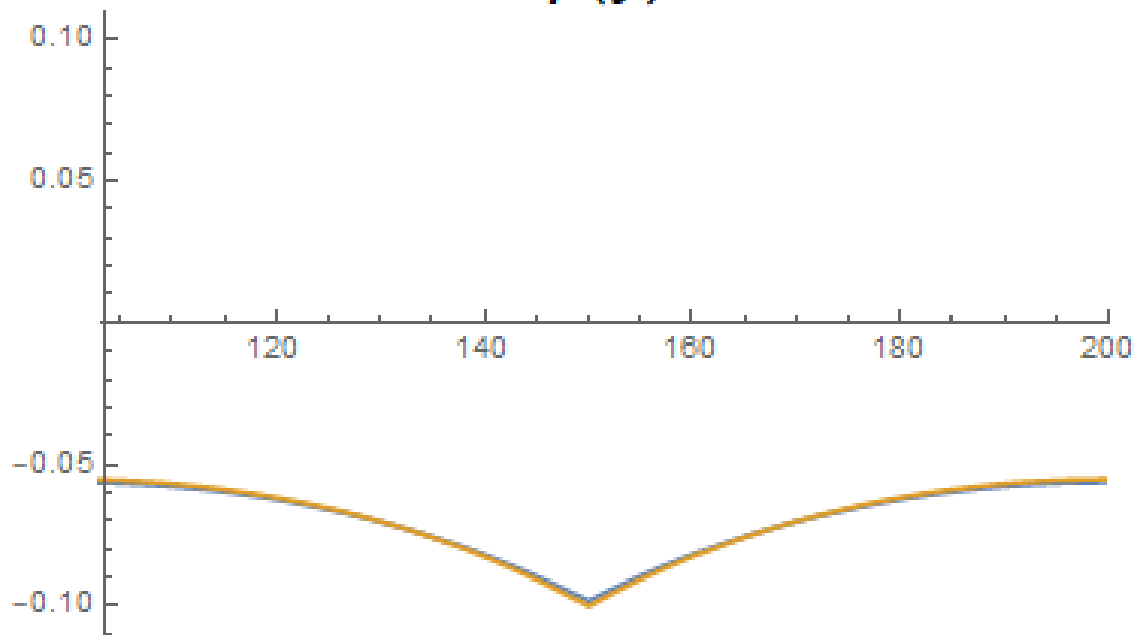
- Bound state with sign-dependent symmetry



$\phi(y)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} & a\delta(x) \\ a\delta(y) & -\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \psi(x) \\ \phi(y) \end{pmatrix} = E \begin{pmatrix} \psi(x) \\ \phi(y) \end{pmatrix}$$

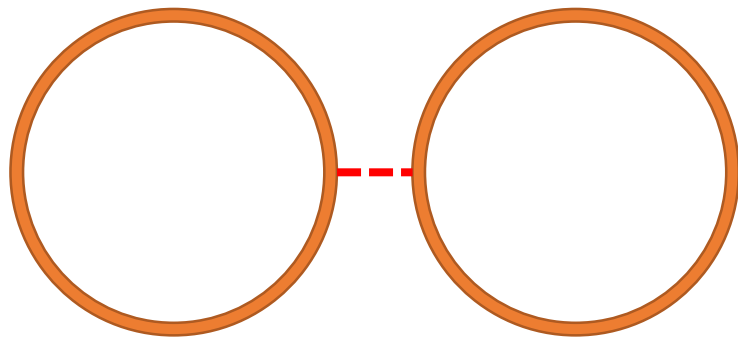
$\psi(x)$



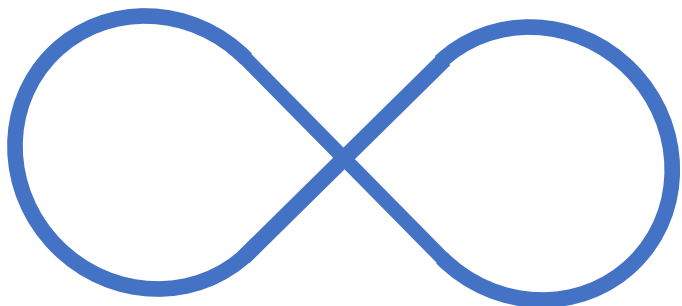


Effects of Topology

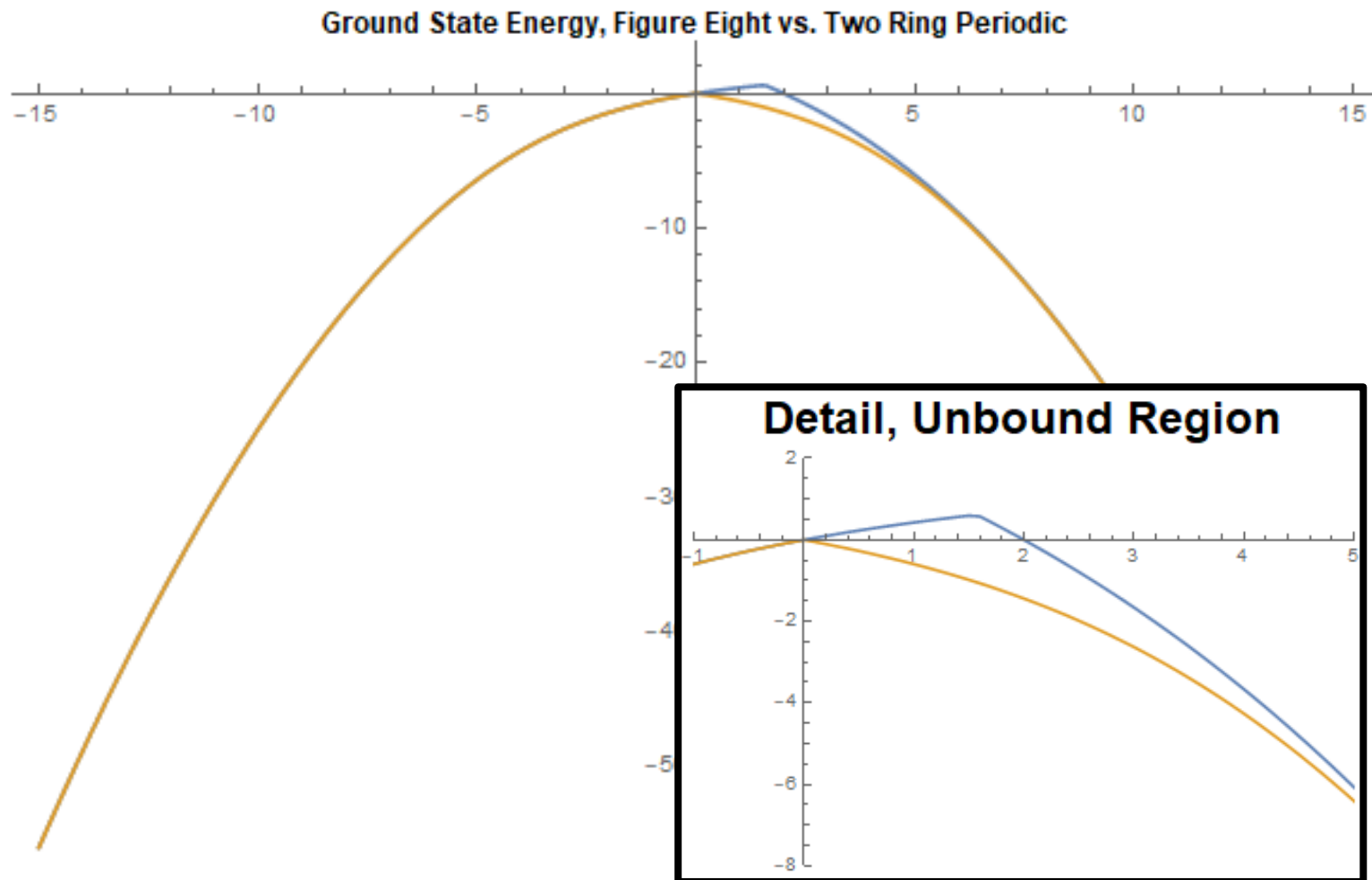
- Two Coupled Rings



- Figure-Eight Ring



- Numerical Results for Ground State:





Future Questions

- How do these two topologies become the 2D cross?
- Can we construct a three wire topology that frustrates the system?
- What happens if we have an array of rings?