## Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I 4th Homework Assignment Due: Monday, February 20, 2012

## February 13, 2012

1. Prove that the distributive property of multiplication holds for measurement symbols,

$$(|a'| + |a''|)|a'''| = |a'||a'''| + |a''||a'''|,$$
(1)

by showing that the two sides of this equation have the same meaning.

2. (a) Show that the sum of two measurement symbols

$$|a'| + |a''|$$
(2)

satisfies the equation

$$(A - a')(A - a'')(|a'| + |a''|) = 0.$$
(3)

Give a physical interpretation of this result.

(b) Thereby, from

$$1 = \sum_{a'} |a'|,\tag{4}$$

show that

$$\prod_{a'} |A - a'| = 0.$$
 (5)

3. Verify that

$$\prod_{a''\neq a'} \left(\frac{A-a''}{a'-a''}\right) = |a'| \tag{6}$$

by verifying that all the required properties are satisfied:

$$(A - a')|a'| = 0, (7a)$$

$$|a'||a'| = |a'|, (7b)$$

$$|a'||a''| = 0, \quad a' \neq a'',$$
 (7c)

$$\sum_{a'} |a'| = 1.$$
 (7d)

- 4. A spin-1 system is characterized by a symbol with three possible values: A assumes the values +1, 0, -1.
  - (a) Express these measurement symbols in terms of the measurement symbol for A; for example, show

$$|0| = 1 - A^2. (8)$$

What are the corresponding expressions for |+1| and |-1|?

(b) Using the above, express  $e^{i\lambda A}$  in terms of 1, A, and  $A^2$ , multiplied by trigonometric functions of the real number  $\lambda$ .