Read 6.4-6.5

Exam II next Monday

11.w. solutions available

Practice auestions

Cover sheet with equations

Commy before exam

Exam:

A: Start at 8:00

B: Start at 7:30

Chapter 6 Energy

FIRST talk about Movey

DEFINE MONEY

CASH

CREDIT

LAND

STOCK 5

Total amount of money Does not Change. Can be transferred from one type to another

Energy

Hard to define energy

Total amount of energy neven

changes

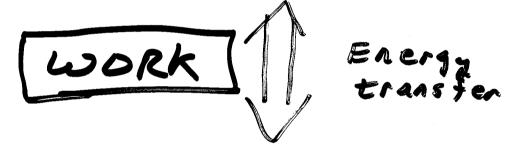
It is conserved

But it can be transferred from one system to another

mechanical Energy

E = Kinetic Enong + Potential Energy 5ysten

- · Energy of mutien
- = Kinetic energy (K)= ±mv
- stored energy
- = potential energy (4)



CAVITORMENT

Energy & ability to do work

-> DEFINE WORK

Lift a box of mass m at a
Constant velocity
1st lift straight up
1 F
Force neeled? = Mg
Distance = 1 m
Force x distance = [mg X m) F= w = mg
Now use ramp
Force = FN - WSING = O F = MgSING
Distance = $SINE = \frac{IM}{L} = 7L = \frac{IM}{5INE}$
force x distance
(mgsure) = (mg x m)

!

work is product of component of force along direction of displacement times magnitude of distance

distance Work

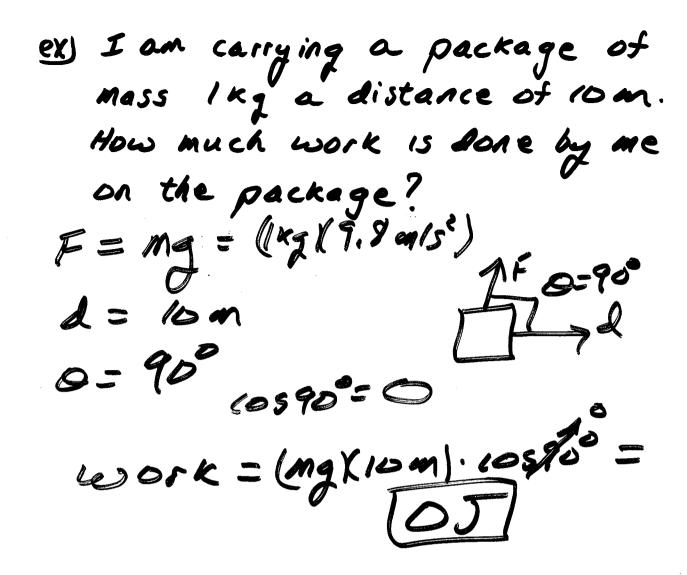
W= Fd cos 0

0 = angle between direction of force and direction of motion

exi rull a crate with a force of 98N at an angle of 55° above the horizontal for 62m. What 15 total work done by me on the crate? 755. F= 98N 1=62 m D= 550 W= Fless = 98N·62m cas 55° = 3490 N-M

New unit Joule (N-m)

= 3490 J



ex) A weight lifter is holding up a weight of 300 N. How much work is he doing?

05 1=0

There will always be an object or objects doing work on another object. NEED to determine what entity is doing the work on which object

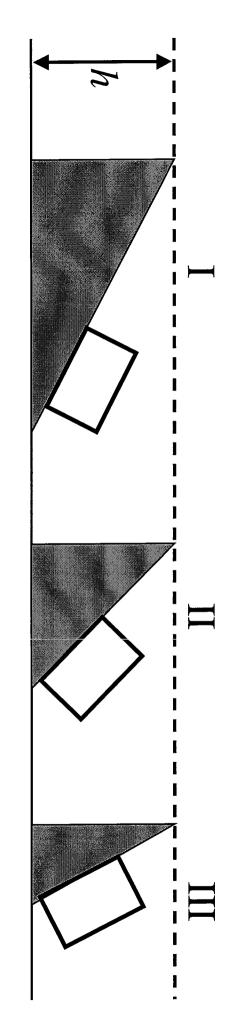
work is a scalar not a vector

SIGN (±) is important

gravity is meter at a constant velocity of 0.5 m/s. The work done by You lift a 10 N physics book up in the air a distance of 1

- A) +10 J
- B) 10 J
- C) +5 J
- D) -5 J
- E) zero

below. If you push an identical box up each ramp at Consider the three different frictionless ramps shown most work. would take the least work to the one that would take the constant speed, rank the ramps in order from the one that



A) I, II, III C) II, I, III

C) II, I, III
E) None of the above

B) III, II, I D) I, III, II

force you exert along the longer path is twice as long as the other. Compared to the average force steep hill. Two paths lead from the base to the top, one Suppose you wanted to ride your mountain bike up a you would exert if you took the short path, the average

- A) four times as small.
- B) three times as small.
- C) half as small.
- D) the same.
- E) it depends on the time taken.

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