Quantum Optics

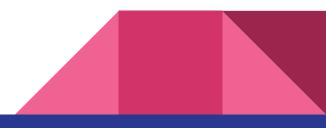
Rebecca Fitzgarrald

Why It Matters



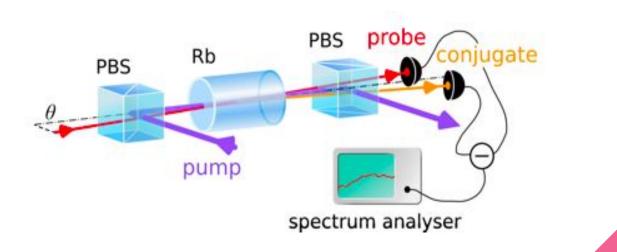
- Explore entanglement, develop more applications beyond the lab
- Quantum communications
 - Can encode and transmit information, hard to control
 - Seeking more control using four-wave mixing (4WM)

• Greater control of quantum systems



Four-wave mixing (FWM)

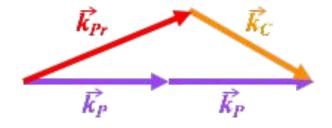
- Generates two entangled beams
 - Strong pump beam, weaker probe beam -> amplified probe, conjugate beam

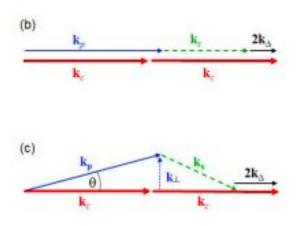




k-vectors

• Photon momentum & k-vectors



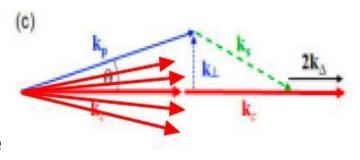


- Phase matching
 - K-vectors line up
 - \circ Δk b/w conjugate/probe and pump reduces efficiency



Ideal process vs reality

- Pump beam should have single k-vector
 - Probe angle corresponds to one conjugate angle
 - Symmetric correlation in far field

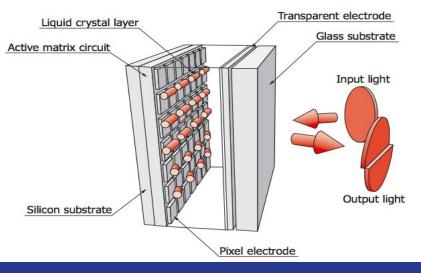


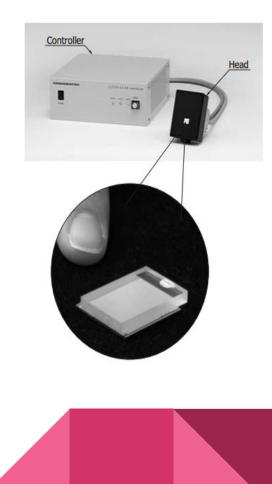


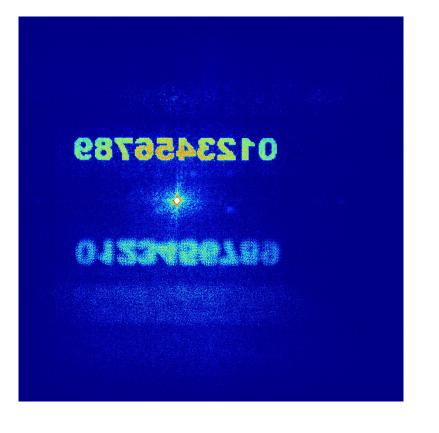
- Finite pump yields range of k-vectors
 - Probe angle has several possible conjugate angles
 - Region of correlation in conjugate beam
- Beam shape/profile of pump changes this correlation region and that can be done with the Spatial Light Modulator (SLM)

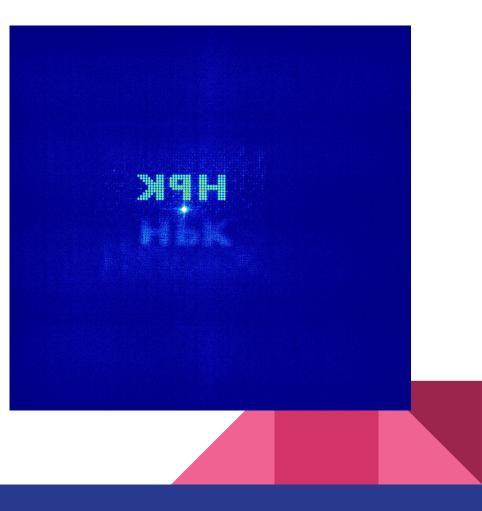
SLM

- Acts as a mirror
- Individual pixels correspond to liquid crystals
 - Tilts change path lengths of photons and the beam phase difference







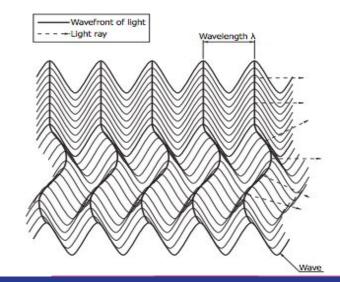


Goals of SLM

- Image/pattern created at a given plane
 - Goal is to figure out how to use the SLM to produce a specific pattern

• Use MATLAB to create an interface

• Optimize control of amplitude and phase





"Phase Spatial Light Modulator LCOS-SLM." Hamamatsu Photonics, Hamamatsu, www.hamamatsu.com/resources/pdf/ssd/e12_handbook_lcos_slm.pdf.

Itay Katzir, Amiram Ron, and Ofer Firstenberg, "Diffraction manipulation by four-wave mixing," Opt. Express 23, 6379-6391 (2015)

"Quantum Entanglement." *North Texas Drifter*, Blogspot, 11 Apr. 2013, northtexasdrifter.blogspot.com/2013/04/quantum-entanglement.html.

