#### **Prospects for SUSY at LHC in light of Dark Matter**

Howard Baer Florida State/Freiburg

- $\star$  Supersymmetric models
- $\star$  WMAP allowed regions
- ★ SUSY at LHC in mSUGRA
- ★ Direct, indirect detection of neutralinos
- $\star$  Models with non-universal soft terms
  - scalar mass non-universality
  - gaugino mass non-universality
- $\star$  SUSY in the KKLT stringy model



 $\begin{array}{l} m_0 = 100 \; \text{GeV}, \, m_{1/2} = 300 \; \text{GeV}, \, tan\beta = 2, \, A_0 = 0, \, \mu < 0, \\ m(\tilde{q}) = 686 \; \text{GeV}, \, m(\tilde{g}) = 766 \; \text{GeV}, \, m(\tilde{\chi}^0_{\ 2}) = 257 \; \text{GeV}, \\ m(\tilde{\chi}^0_{\ 1}) = 128 \; \text{GeV}. \end{array}$ 



Charged particles with  $p_t > 2$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 3$  are shown; neutrons are not shown; no pile up events superimposed.

#### **The Standard Model of Particle Physics**

#### Construction

- ★ gauge symmetry:  $SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$
- $\star$  matter content: 3 generations quarks and leptons

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} u \\ d \end{array}\right)_{L} u_{R}, \ d_{R}; \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} \nu \\ e \end{array}\right)_{L}, \ e_{R}$$
 (1)

**\star** Higgs sector  $\Rightarrow$  spontaneous electroweak symmetry breaking:

$$\phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^+ \\ \phi_0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

- **\star** Yukawa interactions  $\Rightarrow$  massive quarks and leptons
- ★ 19 parameters
- $\star$  good-to-excellent description of (almost) *all* accelerator data!

#### **Data** *not* **described by the SM**

- neutrino masses and mixing
- baryogenesis  $n_B/n_\gamma \sim 10^{-10}$ 
  - (matter anti-matter asymmetry)
- cold dark matter
- dark energy
- ★ Note: astro/cosmo origin of all discrepancies!
- $\star$  We will adopt the WMAP result
  - $\ \Omega_{CDM} h^2 = 0.113 \pm 0.009$
  - as a guide to prospects for SUSY discovery



### **Supersymmetric models**

- ★ We will assume the MSSM is the correct effective theory at  $Q < M_{GUT}$
- ★ We will focus on models with gravity-mediated SUSY breaking since these most naturally give rise to thermal relics which can describe the CDM needed in the universe
- ★ Soft SUSY breaking boundary conditions usually stipulated at  $Q = M_{GUT}$
- ★ lots of possibilities depending on SUSY breaking/ GUTs/ compactification · · · (all unknown physics)
- ★ minimal choice: single scalar mass  $m_0$ , gaugino mass  $m_{1/2}$ , trilinear term  $A_0$ , bilinear term B
- $\star$  evolve couplings/soft terms to  $M_{weak}$  via RG evolution
- $\star$  EWSB radiatively due to large  $m_t$
- $\star$  parameter space:  $m_0, m_{1/2}, A_0, \tan\beta, sign(\mu)$

- $\star$  this is simplest choice and a baseline model, but many other possibilities depending on high scale physics
  - non-universal scalar masses
  - non-universal gaugino masses
  - FC soft SUSY breaking terms
  - large *CP* violating phases
  - additional fields beyond MSSM below  $M_{GUT}$ ?

• • • •

#### Sparticle mass spectra

- $\star$  Mass spectra codes
- ★ RGE running:  $M_{GUT} \rightarrow M_{weak}$ 
  - Isajet (HB, Paige, Protopopescu, Tata)
    - $* \geq$ 7.72: Isatools
  - SuSpect (Djouadi, Kneur, Moultaka)
  - SoftSUSY (Allanach)
  - Spheno (Porod)

★ Comparison (Belanger, Kraml, Pukhov)



★ Website: http://kraml.home.cern.ch/kraml/comparison/

#### **Constraints on SUSY models**

★ LEP2:

$$\begin{split} &-m_h > 114.4 \text{ GeV for SM-like } h \\ &-m_{\widetilde{W}_1} > 103.5 \text{ GeV} \\ &-m_{\widetilde{e}_{L,R}} > 99 \text{ GeV for } m_{\widetilde{\ell}} - m_{\widetilde{Z}_1} > 10 \text{ GeV} \\ &\star BF(b \to s\gamma) = (3.25 \pm 0.54) \times 10^{-4} \text{ (BELLE, CLEO, ALEPH} \\ &- \text{SM theory: } BF(b \to s\gamma) \simeq 3.3 - 3.7 \times 10^{-4} \\ &\star a_{\mu} = (g-2)_{\mu}/2 \text{ (Muon } g-2 \text{ collaboration)} \\ &- \Delta a_{\mu} = (27.1 \pm 9.4) \times 10^{-10} \text{ (Davier et al. } e^+e^-) \\ &- \Delta a_{\mu}^{SUSY} \propto \frac{m_{\mu}^2 \mu M_i \tan \beta}{M_{SUSY}^4} \\ &\star BF(B_s \to \mu^+\mu^-) < 1.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ (CDF-new!)} \\ &- \text{ constrains at very large } \tan \beta \gtrsim 50 \\ &\star \Omega_{CDM}h^2 = 0.113 \pm 0.009 \text{ (WMAP)} \end{split}$$

#### Neutralino dark matter

- **\*** Why *R*-parity? natural in SO(10) SUSYGUTS if properly broken, or broken via compactification (Mohapatra, Martin, Kawamura,  $\cdots$ )
- $\star$  In thermal equilibrium in early universe
- $\star$  As universe expands and cools, freeze out
- ★ Number density obtained from Boltzmann eq'n

• 
$$dn/dt = -3Hn - \langle \sigma v_{rel} \rangle (n^2 - n_0^2)$$

- depends critically on thermally averaged annihilation cross section times velocity
- ★ many thousands of annihilation/co-annihilation diagrams
- $\star$  equally many computer codes
  - DarkSUSY, Micromegas, IsaReD, · · ·

#### Main mSUGRA regions consistent with WMAP

- **\star** bulk region (low  $m_0$ , low  $m_{1/2}$ )
- $\star$  stau co-annihilation region  $(m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} \simeq m_{\widetilde{Z}_1})$
- ★ HB/FP region (large  $m_0$  where  $|\mu| \rightarrow small$ )
- ★ A-funnel  $(2m_{\widetilde{Z}_1} \simeq m_A, m_H)$
- ★ h corridor  $(2m_{\widetilde{Z}_1} \simeq m_h)$
- ★ stop co-annihilation region (particular  $A_0$  values  $m_{\tilde{t}_1} \simeq m_{\tilde{Z}_1}$ )

#### Results of $\chi^2$ fit using $\tau$ data for $a_{\mu}$ :



HB, C. Balazs: JCAP 0305, 006 (2003)

H. Baer, CERN seminar, June 23, 2006

#### **Production of sparticles at LHC**



#### **Sparticle cascade decays**



#### **Event generation for sparticles**



### Search for SUSY at CERN LHC

- $\star$   $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ ,  $\tilde{g}\tilde{q}$ ,  $\tilde{q}\tilde{q}$  production dominant for  $m \stackrel{<}{\sim} 1$  TeV
- $\star$  lengthy cascade decays are likely

  - $1\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets}$
  - $OS \ 2\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets}$
  - $-SS2\ell + E_T + jets$
  - $3\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets}$
- ★ BG: W + jets, Z + jets,  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $b\bar{b}$ , WW, 4t, ...
- $\bigstar$  Grid of cuts gives optimized S/B

#### **Pre-cuts and cuts**

- ★  $N_j \ge 2$  (where  $p_T(jet) > 40$  GeV and  $|\eta(jet)| < 3$
- **\star** Grid of cuts for optimized S/B:
  - $-N_j \ge 2 10$

  - $E_T(j1) > 40 1000 \text{ GeV}$
  - $E_T(j2) > 40 500 \text{ GeV}$
  - $-S_T > 0 0.2$
  - muon isolation
- $\bigstar~S>10$  events for  $100~{\rm fb}^{-1}$
- $\bigstar~S>5\sqrt{B}$  for optimal set of cuts

#### **Sparticle reach of LHC for 100**<sup>-1</sup> **fb**



HB, Balazs, Belyaev, Krupovnickas, Tata: JHEP 0306, 054 (2003)

H. Baer, CERN seminar, June 23, 2006

#### Sparticle reach of all colliders and relic density



HB, Belyaev, Krupovnickas, Tata: JHEP 0402, 007 (2004)

#### **Precision measurements at LHC**

- $M_{eff} = E_T + E_T(j1) + \cdots + E_T(j4)$  sets overall  $m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{q}}$  scale
- $m(\ell \bar{\ell}) < m_{\widetilde{Z}_2} m_{\widetilde{Z}_1}$  mass edge
- $m(\ell \bar{\ell})$  distribution shape
- combine  $m(\ell \bar{\ell})$  with jets to gain  $m(\ell \bar{\ell} j)$  mass edge: info on  $m_{\tilde{q}}$
- further mass edges possible e.g.  $m(\ell \bar{\ell} j j)$
- Higgs mass bump  $h \to b\bar{b}$  likely visible in  $\not\!\!E_T + jets$  events
- in favorable cases, may overconstrain system for a given model
- ★ methodology very p-space dependent
- $\star$  some regions are very difficult *e.g.* HB/FP

#### **Focus on the Focus Point region**

- $\star$  Can reach be extended in HB/FP region? Three approaches
- Mercadante, Mizukoshi, Tata, PRD72 (2005) 035009
  - use also *b*-jet tag; increase of reach by 15%
- HB, Krupovnickas, Profumo, Ullio: JHEP 0510, 020 (2005) – search for  $pp \rightarrow \widetilde{W}_1 \widetilde{Z}_2 \rightarrow 3\ell + \not\!\!E_T$ : similar reach as BBBKT mSUGRA
- Belyaev et al (forthcoming)
  - $\ge 9$  jets+ leptons +  $E_T$ : much greater reach claimed

#### **Direct and indirect detection of SUSY DM**

- ★ Direct search via neutralino-nucleon scattering
- ★ Indirect search for SUSY DM: (HB, J. O'Farrill)
  - $\tilde{Z}_1 \tilde{Z}_1 \rightarrow b\bar{b}, etc.$  in core of sun (or earth):  $\Rightarrow \nu_\mu \rightarrow \mu$  in  $\nu$  telescopes \* Amanda, Icecube, Antares
  - $\tilde{Z}_1 \tilde{Z}_1 \rightarrow q\bar{q}, etc. \rightarrow \gamma$  in galactic core or halo
  - $\tilde{Z}_1 \tilde{Z}_1 \to q\bar{q}, etc. \to e^+$  in galactic halo
  - $\tilde{Z}_1 \tilde{Z}_1 \rightarrow q\bar{q}, etc. \rightarrow \bar{p}$  in galactic halo
  - $\tilde{Z}_1 \tilde{Z}_1 \rightarrow q\bar{q}, etc. \rightarrow \bar{D}$  in galactic halo
    - \* *D* recently detected (BESS)
    - \* future: Gaseous Antiparticle Spectrometer (GAPS)-
      - $\cdot$  slow D; look for x-rays after capture on atoms
      - HB and Profumo, JCAP 0512, 008 (2005)

### **Direct detection of SUSY DM**

#### scan over mSUGRA space :

- ★ Stage 1:
  - CDMS1, Edelweiss, Zeplin1
- ★ Stage 2:
  - CDMS2, CRESST2, Zeplin2, Edelweiss2
- ★ Stage 3:
  - SuperCDMS, Zeplin4, Xenon, WARP



### Rates for $\gamma$ s, $e^+$ s, $\bar{p}$ s vs. $m_0$ for fixed $m_{1/2} = 550$ GeV, $\tan \beta = 50$



- HB, Belyaev, Krupovnickas and O' Farrill
- rates enhanced in A-funnel and HB/FP region (MHDM)

#### **Direct and indirect detection of neutralino DM**



HB, Belyaev, Krupovnickas, O'Farrill: JCAP 0408, 005 (2004)

#### SUGRA models with non-universal scalars

- Normal scalar mass hierarchy (NMH):
- $BF(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$  prefers heavy 3rd gen. squarks
- $(g-2)_{\mu}$  prefers light 2nd gen. sleptons
- $m_0(1) \simeq m_0(2) \ll m_0(3)$ 
  - (preserve FCNC bounds)
- motivation: reconcile  $BF(b \to s\gamma)$  with  $(g-2)_{\mu^{\text{E}}}^{\widetilde{\mathfrak{g}}^{\text{70}}}$ 
  - HB, Belyaev, Krupovnickas, Mustafayev
  - JHEP 0406, 044 (2004)



#### Normal scalar mass hierarchy: parameter space

- $m_0(1) \simeq m_0(2) \ll m_0(3)$
- LHC: light sleptons, enhanced leptonic cascade decays
- ILC: first two gen. sleptons likely accessible; squarks/staus heavy

![](_page_24_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### SUGRA models with non-universal Higgs mass (NUHM1)

- $m_{H_u}^2 = m_{H_d}^2 \equiv m_{\phi}^2 
  eq m_0$ : Drees; HB, Belyaev, Mustafayev, Profumo, Tata
- motivation: SO(10) SUSYGUTs where  $\hat{H}_{u,d} \in \phi(10)$  while matter  $\in \psi(16)$
- $m_{\phi}^2 \gg m_0 \Rightarrow$ higgsino DM for any  $m_0, m_{1/2}$
- $m_{\phi}^2 < 0 \Rightarrow$  can have A-funnel for any  $\tan \beta$

 $m_0=300$ GeV,  $m_{1/2}=300$ GeV,  $\tan\beta=10$ ,  $A_0=0$ ,  $\mu>0$ ,  $m_t=178$ GeV

![](_page_25_Figure_6.jpeg)

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#### NUHM2 (2-parameter case)

- $m_{H_u}^2 \neq m_{H_d}^2 \neq m_0$ : HB, Belyaev, Mustafayev, Profumo, Tata
- motivation: SU(5) SUSYGUTs where  $\hat{H}_u \in \phi(5)$ ,  $\hat{H}_d \in \phi(\bar{5})$
- can re-parametrize  $m_{H_u}^2, m_{H_d}^2 \leftrightarrow \mu, m_A$  (Ellis, Olive, Santoso)
- large S term in RGEs  $\Rightarrow$  light  $\tilde{u}_R, \ \tilde{c}_R$  squarks,  $m_{\tilde{e}_L} < m_{\tilde{e}_R}$

![](_page_26_Figure_5.jpeg)

NUHM2: m<sub>0</sub>=300GeV, m<sub>1/2</sub>=300GeV, tanβ=10, A<sub>0</sub>=0, m<sub>i</sub>=178GeV

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#### Non-universal gaugino masses

- ★ SUGRA models where GKF transforms non-trivially (Snowmass '96)
- ★ Heterotic superstring models with orbifold compactification: SUSY breaking dominated by the moduli field
- $\star$  KKLT model of type IIB string compactification with fluxes

\* ...

- ★ Extra-dimensional SUSY GUT models where SUSY breaking is communicated from the SUSY breaking brane to the visible brane via gaugino mediation (e.g. Dermisek-Mafi model)
- ★ Here we adopt a phenomenological approach of independent  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$ ,  $M_3$  but require consistency with WMAP
  - MWDM: HB, Mustafayev, Park, Profumo, JHEP0507, 046 (2005)
  - BWCA DM: HB, Krupovnickas, Mustafayev, Park, Profumo, Tata, JHEP0512 (2005) 011.

- LM3DM: HB, Mustafayev, Park, Profumo, Tata, JHEP0604 (2006) 041.

 Related work: Corsetti and Nath; Birkedal-Hansen and Nelson; Bertin, Nezri and Orloff; Bottino, Donato, Fornengo, Scopel; Belanger, Boudjema, Cottrant, Pukhov, Semenov; Mambrini, Munoz and Cerdeno; Auto, HB, Belyaev, Krupovnickas; Masiero, Profumo, Ullio

$$\Omega_{\widetilde{Z}_1}h^2$$
 vs.  $M_1$ 

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Sparticle mass spectra vs $M_1$

![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

 $m_0 = 300 \text{GeV}, m_{1/2} = 300 \text{GeV}, \tan \beta = 10, A_0 = 0, \mu > 0, m_t = 178 \text{GeV}$ 

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#### MWDM: Any point in $m_0$ - $m_{1/2}$ plane can be WMAP allowed

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_2.jpeg)

# **MWDM:** small $\widetilde{Z}_2 - \widetilde{Z}_1$ mass gap

*mSUGRA:* tan $\beta$ =10,  $A_0$  =0,  $\mu$  >0,  $m_t$  =178 GeV

*NUGM:*  $M_1 \neq m_{1/2}$ ,  $tan\beta=10$ ,  $A_0=0$ ,  $\mu > 0$ ,  $m_t=178$  GeV

![](_page_32_Figure_3.jpeg)

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#### $m(\ell^+\ell^-)$ : mass gap observable at LHC for MWDM

![](_page_33_Figure_1.jpeg)

### Bino-wino co-annihilation (BWCA) scenario

- If  $M_1/M_2 < 0$ , then no mixing between bino-wino
- Can only reduce relic density via bino-wino co-annihilation when  $M_1\simeq -M_2$  at  $Q=M_{weak}$

2005/07/26 09.06

![](_page_34_Figure_3.jpeg)

# In BWCA at $m_0 \stackrel{<}{\sim} 500$ GeV, $BF(\widetilde{Z}_2 \rightarrow \widetilde{Z}_1 \gamma)$ enhanced!

*MWDM:*  $M_2 \neq m_{1/2}$ ,  $tan\beta=10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$ ,  $\mu > 0$ ,  $m_t = 178 \text{ GeV}$ BWCA:  $M_2 \neq m_{1/2}$ ,  $tan\beta=10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$ ,  $\mu > 0$ ,  $m_t = 178 \text{ GeV}$ m<sub>1/2</sub> (TeV) 6.0 m<sub>1/2</sub> (TeV) 0.8 1.2 0.09 0.12 0.7 1 102 0.11 0.6 0.10 0.8 0.5 10-4 0.4 0.6 0 0.09 0.3 0.11 0.05 0.3 0.4 0.2 LEP 2 0.2 0.1 LEP2 0.2 0.8 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.2 1.4 1.6 0.4 0.6 1 1.8 1 m<sub>o</sub> (TeV) m<sub>o</sub> (TeV)

Haber+Wyler; Ambrosanio+Mele; Baer+Krupovnickas: JHEP 0209, 038 (2002)

#### Mixed higgsino DM from a low $M_3$ (LM3DM)

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

• low  $M_3 \Rightarrow$  low  $m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{q}}, \mu$ 

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#### Sparticle mass spectra for LM3DM

2006/02/14 10.59

![](_page_37_Figure_2.jpeg)

• low  $m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{q}}, \mu \Rightarrow$  huge DM detection rates!

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#### **Direct/indrct DM rates greatly enhanced for LM3DM**

![](_page_38_Figure_1.jpeg)

 $m_0=300 \text{ GeV}, m_{1/2}=300 \text{ GeV}, \tan\beta=10, A_0=0, \mu>0, m_t=175 \text{ GeV}$ 

## In LM3DM, $BF(\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{Z}_i)$ loop decay enhanced!

#### 2006/02/03 16.37

![](_page_39_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### Baer, Tata, Woodside: PRD42 (1990) 1568.

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#### Mixed modulus-AMSB models

 $\star$  KKLT model: type IIB superstring compactification with fluxes

- stabilize moduli/dilaton via fluxes and e.g. gaugino condensation on  $D7\,$  brane
- introduce anti-D3 brane (uplifting potential; de Sitter universe with  $\Lambda > 0$
- small SUSY breaking due to  $\overline{D3}$  brane
- mass hierarchy:  $m_{moduli} \gg m_{3/2} \gg m_{SUSY}$
- ★ MSSM soft terms calculated by Choi, Falkowski, Nilles, Olechowski, Pokorski
- ★ phenomenology: Choi, Jeong, Okumura, Falkowski, Lebedev, Mambrini,Kitano, Nomura
- ★ see also: HB, E. Park, X. Tata, T. Wang, hep-ph/0604253

# Parameter Space

MSSM sparticle mass scale  $\sim \frac{m_{3/2}}{16\pi^2} \equiv M_s$ 

Ratio of modulus-mediated and anomaly-mediated contributions set by a phenomenological parameter  $\pmb{\alpha}$ 

Modulus-mediated contributions depend on location of fields in extra dimensions. These contributions depend on "modular weights" of the fields, determined by where these fields are located.

modular weights  $n_i = 0$  (1) ( $(\frac{1}{2})$ ) for D7 (D3) ((intersection)) Gauge kinetic function indices  $l_a = 1$  (0) on D7 (D3) branes.

Model completely specified by

$$m_{3/2}, \ lpha, \ aneta, \ sign(\mu), \ n_i, \ l_a$$

Radiative EWSB determines  $\mu^2$  as usual.

#### **Soft SUSY Breaking Terms**

The soft terms renormalized at  $Q \sim M_{\rm GUT}$  are given by,

$$M_{a} = M_{s} \left( \ell_{a} \alpha + b_{a} g_{a}^{2} \right),$$
  

$$A_{ijk} = M_{s} \left( -a_{ijk} \alpha + \gamma_{i} + \gamma_{j} + \gamma_{k} \right),$$
  

$$m_{i}^{2} = M_{s}^{2} \left( c_{i} \alpha^{2} + 4\alpha \xi_{i} - \dot{\gamma}_{i} \right),$$

with

$$c_i = 1 - n_i,$$

$$a_{ijk} = 3 - n_i - n_j - n_k,$$

$$\xi_i = \sum_{j,k} a_{ijk} \frac{y_{ijk}^2}{4} - \sum_a l_a g_a^2 C_2^a(f_i), \text{ and } \dot{\gamma}_i = 8\pi^2 \frac{\partial \gamma_i}{\partial \log \mu}$$

We will always fix  $l_a = 1$  and examine two cases:

★  $n_i = 0$ ; Zero Modular Weight (ZMW).

★  $n_{\text{matter}} = 1/2$ ,  $n_{\text{Higgs}} = 1$ , Non-Zero Modular Weight (NZMW).

#### **True Unification and Mirage Unification**

![](_page_44_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Low mirage unification scale

If  $M_1$ weak =  $\pm M_2$ weak, potential for agreement with relic density via Mixed Wino DM (MWDM) / Bino-Wino Coannihilation (BWCA).

# ZMW Model

![](_page_45_Figure_1.jpeg)

Mirage unification for scalar masses also, but spoiled by Yukawa couplings (NZMW model is an exception). Note low value of  $m_{\tilde{t}_R}$ . Anticipate light  $\tilde{t}_1$ .

#### **ZMW Model Mass Spectrum**

![](_page_46_Figure_1.jpeg)

For low positive  $\alpha$ ,  $m_{\tilde{t}_1} \sim m_{\tilde{Z}_1}$ , and for large  $\tan \beta \ m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} \sim m_{\tilde{Z}_1}$  also. Stop and stau co-annihilation mechanisms operative. For negative  $\alpha$  in first frame, we have BWCA. No MWDM possible as for the required  $\alpha$ ,  $\tilde{t}_1 = \text{LSP}$ .

![](_page_47_Figure_0.jpeg)

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Stop coannihilation region.}\\ \mbox{Mixed higgsino region at low positive alpha.}\\ \mbox{BWCA for $\alpha < 0$. No MWDM region.}\\ \mbox{In the neighbourhood of Point 2, $m_{{{\widetilde t}_1}} < m_t, $m_h \stackrel{<}{\sim} 120 \mbox{ GeV} \\ \Rightarrow \mbox{Electroweak baryogenesis? (Carena, Quiros, Wagner; Balázs, Carena, Wagner)} \end{array}$ 

![](_page_48_Figure_0.jpeg)

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# NZMW Model

Now the modulus-mediated contribution to  $A(GUT) \sim M_s$ , so stop is not as light as in ZMW case.

![](_page_49_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Figure_3.jpeg)

Stau NLSP  $\implies$  Stau co-annihilation; Higgs funnel annihilation Also, BWCA for  $\alpha < 0$ ,  $\tan \beta \sim 10$ .

![](_page_50_Figure_0.jpeg)

Stau coannihilation, Higgs funnel and BWCA regions clearly seen. Also, mixed bino-wino-higgsino region (via low  $|M_3|$ ). Bulk region at low  $m_{3/2}$ . LHC reach qualitatively similar to ZMW case.

# Conclusions

 $\bigstar$  SUSY is standard way beyond the SM

★ SUGRA models most naturally encompass DM: thermal WIMPS

- ★ WMAP bound  $\Omega_{\widetilde{Z}_1} h^2 = 0.113 \pm 0.009$  especially constraining
  - bulk,  $\tilde{\tau}$  coann., HB/FP, A-funnel, h-funnel,  $\tilde{t}_1$  coann.
- **\star** Various regions  $\Rightarrow$  distinct collider/DM signatures
- ★ Non-universality
  - normal scalar mass hierarchy (NMH)
  - NUHM1, NUHM2 models
  - mixed wino DM
  - bino-wino co-annihilation DM
  - mixed higgsino DM if  $M_3$  reduced
- ★ MM-AMSB (KKLT) phenomenology

#### Weak Scale Supersymmetry

#### HB and X. Tata Spring, 2006; Cambridge University Press

- $\star$  Part 1: superfields/Lagrangians
  - 4-component spinor notation for exp'ts
  - master Lagrangian for SUSY gauge theories
- ★ Part 2: models/implications
  - MSSM, SUGRA, GMSB, AMSB,  $\cdots$
- ★ Part 3: SUSY at colliders
  - $\ production/decay/event \ generation$
  - collider signatures
  - R-parity violation

![](_page_52_Picture_11.jpeg)